1. TIRES101. UNDERSTANDING YOUR TIRE, what do those numbers and codes mean

Note: always consult your local dealer before purchasing any tires or wheels and with any questions. this unofficial information should <u>not</u> be used for tire, wheel purchase decisions or vehicle speed or weight capability

subject to change and correction without notice

SIDEWALL How to read the sidewall and decipher a tire's code

example: P225-60R16 97H M+S (2005 Outback 2.5i)

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SERIAL NUMBER DOT Serial Number System on all tires

how to read the serial number: example DOT OB XO C60 1004 off a 2005 Outback 2.5i

•	DOT US Dept of	ОВ	aada	• •	1004 week/year, ie 10th week/2004	
	Transportatio	mfr and plant code				

UTQGS: Uniform Tire Quality Grading System

Treadwear, Traction, Temperature Grades

A US govt system helps you compare tires for tread wear life, traction (stopping), and heat

Of course many other factors impact tire performance including road and weather conditions, inflation pressure, vehicle weight etc as well as driving skills.

Treadwear Grade Measures the tread wear life and helps compare tires made by a same company. The higher the number the longer a tire should wear. A tire with a Tread Wear Grade of 200 should last twice as long as one with 100, 400 should last 2x as long as one with 200 etc, but different manufacturers might use different base numbers.

Traction Grade Measures the stopping ability of a tire. The higher letter (AA) should stop better than a lower letter (A). The grades are, better to lower AA, A, B, C.

Temperature Grade A, B, C. A tire's ability to perform in hot conditions such as the high temperatures caused by driving a long distance in hot weather. This can lead to blowouts and tread separation. From highest to lowest, a tire's resistance to heat is graded as "A", "B", or "C".

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How to Read a tire Speed Rating Symbol code: rating- speed in mph (speed in km/h)

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B- 31mph (50kmh)	G- 56 (90)	P- 93mph (150mh)	U-124mph (200kmh)	
C- 37mph (60kmh)	H - 130mph	J- 62 (90)	Q- 99 (160)	
D- 40mph (65)	K- 68 (110)	R-106 (170)	V- 150 (240)	
E- 43 (70)	L 75 (120)	S- 112 (180)	W- 169 (270)	
F- 50 (80	M- 81 (130)	T- 118 (190	,	ZR over 150mph (over 240kmh)

How to read a tire Load Index, how much weight will a tire carry

code: Load Index- weight in US pounds, lbs

one pound = .4536 kg

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65- 639 lbs 66-661 67- 677 68- 694 70- 739 71- 761 72- 783 73- 805 74- 827 75- 853 76- 882 77- 908 78- 937 79- 963 80- 992 81- 1019 82- 1047	83- 1074 lbs 84- 1102 85- 1135 86- 1168 87- 1201 88- 1235 89- 1279 90- 1323 91- 1356 92- 1389 93- 1433 94- 1477 95- 1521 96- 1565 97- 1609 98- 1653 99- 1709	100- 1764 lbs 101- 1819 102- 1874 103- 1929 104- 1984 105- 2030 106- 2094 107- 2149 108- 2205 109- 2271 110- 2337 111- 2403 112- 2469 113- 2535 114- 2601 115- 2679 116- 2756	117- 2833 lbs 118- 2910 119- 2998 120- 3086 121- 3197 122- 3307 123- 3417 124- 3527 125- 3638 126- 3748 127- 3858 128- 3968 129- 4079 130- 4169 131- 4299 132- 4409 133- 4541	134- 4674 lbs 135- 4806 136- 4938 137- 5071 138- 5203 139- 5357 140- 5512 141- 5766 142- 5842 143- 6008 144- 6173 145- 6393 146- 6614 147- 6779 148- 6944 149- 7165 150- 7385
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